3.4 Network hardware				
1	Understand that a computer needs a network interface card (NIC) to access a network			
2	Understand what is meant by and the purpose of a media access control (MAC) address,			
	including its structure			
3	(a) Understand what is meant by and the purpose of an internet protocol (IP) address			
3	(b) Understand that there are different types of IP address			
4	Describe the role of a router in a network			

### More Guidance:

### 3.4 Network hardware

### Candidates should be able to:

- 1 Understand that a computer needs a network interface card (NIC) to access a network
- 2 Understand what is meant by and the purpose of a media access control (MAC) address, including its structure
- 3 (a) Understand what is meant by and the purpose of an internet protocol (IP) address
  - (b) Understand that there are different types of IP address
- 4 Describe the role of a router in a network

### Notes and guidance

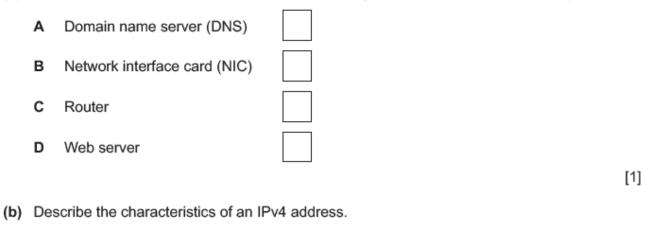
- A network interface card is given a MAC address at the point of manufacture
- MAC addresses are usually written as hexadecimal
- MAC addresses are created using the manufacturer code and the serial code
- An IP address is allocated by the network and they can be static or dynamic
- Including the characteristics of and differences between IPv4 and IPv6
- A router sends data to a specific destination on a network
- A router can assign IP addresses
- A router can connect a local network to the internet

8 Draw and annotate a diagram to represent the role of a router.

[4]

- 6 A user wants to connect their computer to a network.
  - (a) (i) Identify the component in the computer that is needed to access a network.
  - Identify the type of address that is allocated to the component by the manufacturer, (ii) which is used to uniquely identify the device. (b) A dynamic internet protocol (IP) address is allocated to the computer when it is connected to the network. (i) Identify the device on the network that can connect multiple devices and automatically assign them an IP address. ......[1] Describe what is meant by a dynamic IP address. (ii) ..... ..... .....[3]

- 8 A computer is connected to a network and assigned an IPv4 address.
  - (a) Tick (✓) one box to show which device would assign the IPv4 address to the computer.



		E 41
 	 	 [4]

### 3 Five network terms or definitions are given in the table.

Complete the table by giving the missing term or definition.

Term	Definition		
router			
	This address is assigned by the network and used to identify a device on a network.		
network interface card (NIC)			
	This address is assigned by the manufacturer and is used to uniquely identify the device.		
	This can be hardware or software based and filters traffic coming into and out of a network.		

5 Complete and annotate the diagram to demonstrate how packet switching is used to transmit data across a network, including the use of routers, from Device A to Device B.

	Device A				Device B	
						[4]
A de	evice can be giv	en an internet proto	ocol (IP) address	. This can be an	IPv4 or IPv6.	
(a)	Give one simila	arity between IPv4	and IPv6.			
						[1]
(b)	Describe <b>two</b> d	differences betweer	n IPv4 and IPv6.			
	1					
	2					
						[4]

9

(c) A web page is requested using an IP address. Identify the system that stores a database of uniform resource locators (URLs) and their (i) corresponding IP addresses. ......[1] (ii) Identify the software that sends a request to the IP address to obtain the web page data. A computer can have both a Media Access Control (MAC) address and an Internet Protocol (IP) 8 address. (a) Give two similarities between a MAC address and an IP address. Similarity 1 Similarity 2 ..... [2] (b) Give two differences between a MAC address and an IP address. Difference 1 ..... Difference 2 ..... [2]

10 Many devices have a Media Access Control (MAC) address.

Give three features of a MAC address.

Feature 1	
Feature 2	
Feature 3	
reature 5	
	[3]

- 1 Greta has a computer that she uses for schoolwork and leisure.
  - (a) The computer has the Media Access Control (MAC) address:

### 00:A0:C9:14:C8:29

(i) Tick (✓) to show whether the MAC address is initially assigned to the computer by the network, the manufacturer or the user.

	Tick (✔)
Network	
Manufacturer	
User	

[1]