Please check the examination details below	v before ente	ring your candidat	e information	
Candidate surname		Other names		
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Thursday 16 Ma	y 20		ndidate Number	
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper R	eference 4BS	1/01R	
Business Paper 1: Investigating small businesses				
You do not need any other materials	•		Total Marks	

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Calculators may be used.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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FORMULAE FOR INTERNATIONAL GCSE BUSINESS STUDIES

Gross profit margin:

Gross profit = revenue - cost of sales

Gross profit margin =
$$\frac{\text{gross profit}}{\text{revenue}} \times 100$$

Operating profit margin:

Operating profit = gross profit - other operating expenses

Operating profit margin =
$$\frac{\text{operating profit}}{\text{revenue}} \times 100$$

Mark up:

Mark up =
$$\frac{\text{profit per item}}{\text{cost per item}} \times 100$$

Return on capital employed (ROCE):

$$ROCE = \frac{operating profit}{capital employed} \times 100$$

Current ratio:

$$Current ratio = \frac{current assets}{current liabilities}$$

Acid test ratio:

$$\mbox{Acid test ratio} = \frac{\mbox{current assets} - \mbox{inventory}}{\mbox{current liabilities}}$$

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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

1 Lavender, a Malaysian business, started with bakery, patisserie and takeaway shops. It has now developed into several other businesses. L.café is a self-serve café selling a variety of cakes and drinks. L.bistro is a casual dining place with a selection of Asian foods. L.table is a formal restaurant that uses high quality and organic ingredients.

(Source adapted from: https://www.lavender.com.my/about-us-c1kfx)

(a) (I)	which one of the following would be a source of finance that could be used	
	for a cash flow problem?	
		(

Select one answer.

A Venture capital

B Overdraft

C Debenture

D Leasing

(ii) Which one of the following is a phase of the product life cycle?

Select one answer.

A Star

B Place

×	C	Maturity
×	D	Branding
(iii) Wh	ich (one of the following is an example of a fixed cost for <i>Lavender</i> ?

Select one answer.

- A Flour used in the cakes
- B Packaging used for Lavender's cakes
- ☑ C Sugar used in production
- ☑ D Rent for Lavender's businesses



(1)

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Health and safety Total Quality Management Off-the-job training Government schemes s 150 kilograms (kgs) of yeast from Germany at a cost of €2 250. e rate is €1 = 5 Malaysian Ringgits (MYR). th does Lavender pay in MYR for the yeast? answer. 750 2 250 11 250	(1)
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e answer. 750 2 250 11 250	(1)
750 2 250 11 250	
2 250 11 250	
11 250	
337 500	
ulates the cost of the cakes it makes. The weekly fixed cost is variable cost per cake is 4.70 MYR.	
the total cost of selling 1,650 cakes in a week.	4.53
e answer.	(1)
2 413.70	
3 567.30	
7 755.00	
8 514.00	
rm short-term finance .	(1)
	3 567.30 7 755.00 8 514.00

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(c) Define the term above the line promotion .	(1)
(d) State one reason <i>Lavender</i> would recruit internally.	(1)
Lavender are offering a discount of 15% if customers buy 25 cakes. Each cake costs 12 MYR.	
(e) Calculate the cost of buying 25 cakes. You are advised to show your working.	(2)
	MYR
(f) Explain one advantage of being a franchisee.	MYR
(f) Explain one advantage of being a franchisee.	
(f) Explain one advantage of being a franchisee.	



g) Analyse why customer satisfaction might be	important to <i>Lavender</i> .	(6)
	(Total for Question 1 = 20 ı	marks)
	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	,

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(1)
(3)
(3)



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(e) Explain one reason why diseconomies of scale may occur in a business.	(3)

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Lavender has eight L.café outlets operating across Malaysia. It is planning to open eight more outlets. To maintain the standards of its bakery products across all outlets, it needs to consider the most suitable method of production. The following **two** options are being considered: **Option 1:** batch production Option 2: flow production. (f) Justify which **one** of these two options *Lavender* should use. (9) (Total for Question 2 = 20 marks)

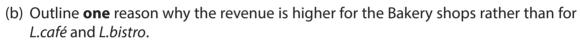


3 Figure 1 is an extract from *Lavender's* Statement of Comprehensive Income. Use the information below and then answer the following questions.

	Bakery (000s MYR)	<i>L.café</i> (000s MYR)	L.bistro (000s MYR)
Revenue	149	75	65
Cost of sales	83	51	33
Gross profit	66	24	32
Gross profit margin	44.3%		49.2%

Figure 1

(a)	Define the term current liabilities .			
		(1	1)	



(2)

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show your v			(2)
			0/
			%
	w the Statement of Comprehen dering its expansion.	sive Income can be used by Laven	der
WHEN CONSI	acting its expansion.		(6)



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To expand by opening new outlets, <i>Lavender</i> will need to know what its customers' needs and wants are.	
In order to do this, Lavender are considering the following two options:	
Option 1: primary market research	
Option 2: secondary market research.	
(e) Justify which one of these two methods <i>Lavender</i> should use.	(9)
(Total for Question 3 = 20 mark	KS)

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(a) Calculate to 2 show your wo	significant figures the current ratio fo	or 2017. You are advised to
snow your wo	ikiligs.	(2)
(b) Analyse the be expansion pla	enefits to <i>Lavender</i> of using internal s	ources of finance for its
expansion pla	113.	(6)



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Lavender already uses a website to promote its products.			
(c) Evaluate the benefits to <i>Lavender</i> of using other forms of technology to promote its products.			
·	(12)		

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TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS	
(Total for Question 4 = 20 marks)	
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